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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, December 2010 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Obtain the current source equivalent of a practical voltage source. (05 Marks)
- b. In the network shown in Fig.Q1(b), find the power delivered by the source, using the nodal analysis. (07 Marks)

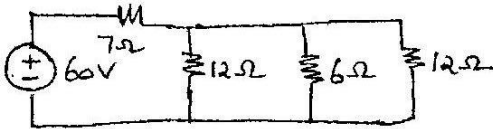


Fig.Q1(b)

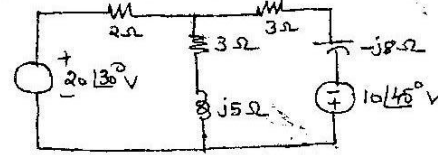


Fig.Q1(c)

- c. Using mesh current analysis, find the current through the capacitor shown in Fig.Q1(c). (08 Marks)
- 2 a. State and prove the maximum power transfer theorem, for ac networks. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the value of R_L shown in Fig.Q2(b) at which maximum power is transferred across ab. What is the maximum power transferred? (07 Marks)

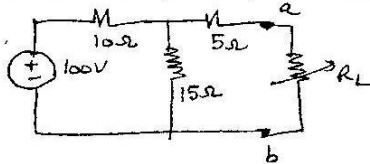


Fig.Q2(b)

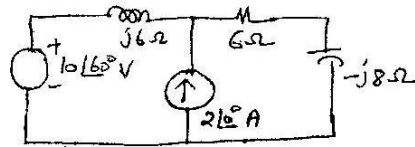


Fig.Q2(c)

- c. Find the current through the 6Ω resistor shown in Fig.Q2(c), using the superposition theorem. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Obtain the Thevenin's equivalent at terminals a-b shown in Fig.Q3(a). (10 Marks)

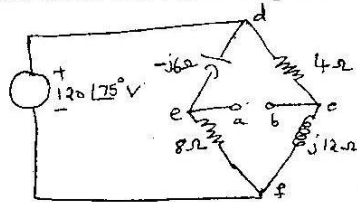


Fig.Q3(a)

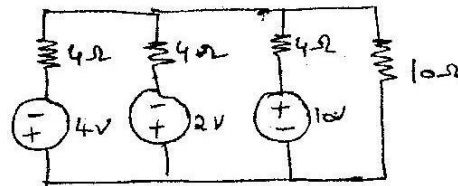


Fig.Q3(c)

- b. State the reciprocity theorem. (03 Marks)
 - c. Using the Millman's theorem, find the current through the 10 Ω resistor shown in Fig.Q3(c). (07 Marks)
- 4 a. Define the following with respect to a graph:
 - i) Loop
 - ii) Cut set
 - iii) Tree
 - iv) Co-tree(06 Marks)
 - b. For the graph shown in Fig.Q4(b), draw any two trees and corresponding co-trees. (05 Marks)

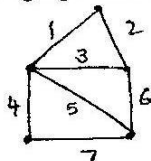


Fig.Q4(b)

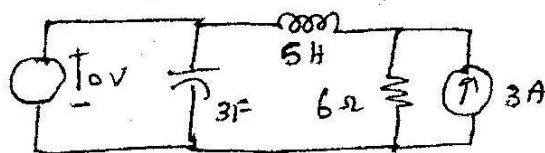


Fig.Q4(d)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 4 c. If the node-brand reduced incidence matrix is $[A] = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, draw the graph. (04 Marks)
- d. Obtain the dual of the network shown in Fig.Q4(d). (05 Marks)
- 5 a. Prove that a parallel R-L and R-C circuit can resonate at all frequencies. Derive the condition. (07 Marks)
- b. In a series RLC circuit, $R = 2 \Omega$, $L = 2.0 \text{ mtr}$, $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$. Find the resonant frequency, Q factor, bandwidth and half power frequencies. (06 Marks)
- c. Determine C for the network shown in Fig.Q5(c) for the network to resonate. (07 Marks)

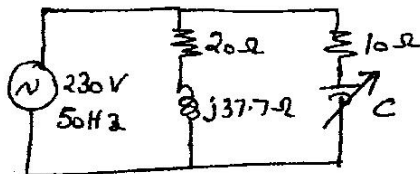


Fig.Q5(c)

- 6 a. In the circuit shown in Fig.Q6(a), find the initial current through the inductor, $i_L(t)$ and the time when the current in the inductor reduces to half its original value. The switch is opened at $t = 0$. (08 Marks)

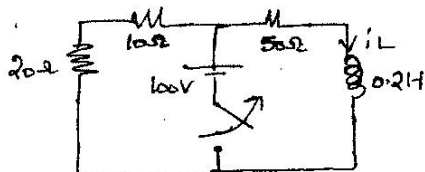


Fig.Q6(a)

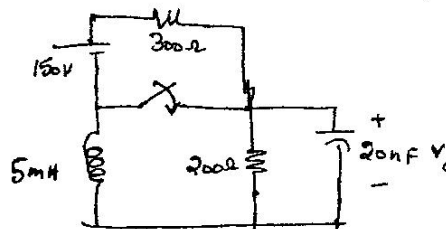


Fig.Q6(b)

- b. In the network shown in Fig.Q6(b), obtain the expression for the voltage across the capacitor, if the switch is closed at $t = 0$. (12 Marks)
- 7 a. For the network shown in Fig.Q7(a), draw the frequency domain equivalent network and solve for $V_0(P)$ using Laplace transfers. (10 Marks)

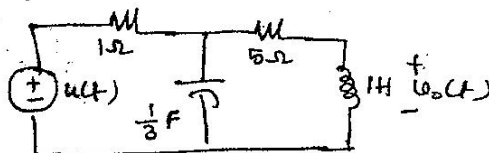


Fig.Q7(a)

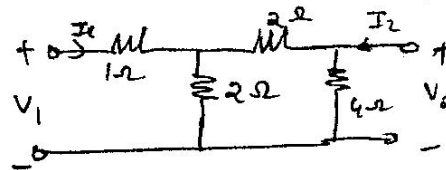


Fig.Q8(b)

- b. In a series RL circuit an exponential voltage $V = 50 e^{-100t}$ (V) is applied at $t = 0$. $R = 10 \Omega$ and $L = 0.2 \text{ H}$. Evaluate the current using the Laplace transforms. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Obtain the z-parameters of a two port network in terms of its h-parameters. (07 Marks)
- b. Find the Y parameters of the network shown in Fig.Q8(b). (07 Marks)
- c. Obtain the ABCD parameters of two networks connected in cascade. (06 Marks)
